

1. If the angle 75° is in standard position, find two positive coterminal angles and two negative coterminal angles.

$$1(360) + 75 = 435^\circ$$

$$75 - 1(360) = -285^\circ$$

$$2(360) + 75 = 795^\circ$$

$$75 - 2(360) = -645^\circ$$

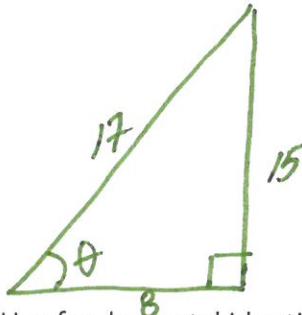
2. Find the degree measure of the angle $\frac{17\pi}{4} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = 765^\circ$

3. Express the angle as a decimal to the nearest ten-thousandth of a degree.

$$53^\circ 57'$$

$$53.9500^\circ$$

4. Find the values of the five other trig functions for the acute angle θ if $\tan \theta = \frac{15}{8}$.



$$\sin \theta = \frac{15}{17}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{17}{15}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{8}{17}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{17}{8}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{15}{8}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{8}{15}$$

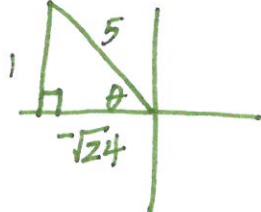
5. Use fundamental identities to find the values of the trig functions for the given conditions.

$$\therefore \csc \theta = 5 \text{ and } \cot \theta < 0.$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$1^2 + x^2 = 5^2$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{24} \text{ or } \pm 2\sqrt{6}$$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\csc \theta = 5$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{24}}{5}$$

$$\sec \theta = -\frac{5}{\sqrt{24}}$$

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{24}}$$

$$\cot \theta = -\sqrt{24}$$

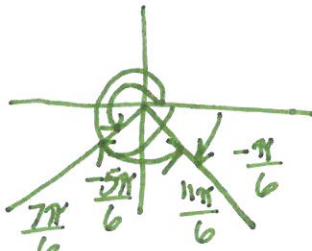
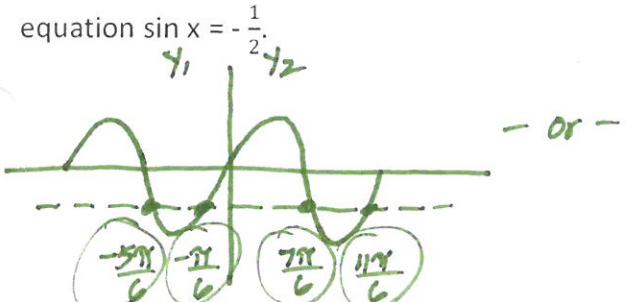
6. A point $P\left(\frac{-12}{13}, \frac{5}{13}\right)$ is on the unit circle. Find the value of the secant.

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{-\frac{12}{13}} = -\frac{13}{12}$$

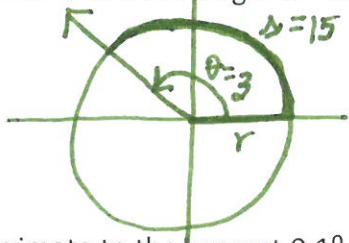
7. Find y by referring to the graph of the trig function.

As $x \rightarrow \pi^-$, $\cos x \rightarrow \underline{-1}$.

8. Refer to the graph of $y = \sin x$ to find the separate values of x in the interval $[-2\pi, 2\pi]$ that satisfy the equation $\sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$.



9. If a circular arc of the length $s = 15$ cm subtends the central angle $\theta = 3$ on a circle, find the radius of the circle.

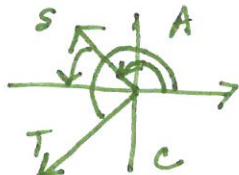


$$s = r \cdot \theta$$

$$\frac{15}{3} = r \cdot \frac{(3)}{3}$$

$$5 = r$$

10. Approximate to the nearest 0.1° all angles θ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ]$ that satisfy $\cos \theta = -0.6604$.



$$2^{\text{nd}} Q$$

$$\theta = 131.3^\circ$$

$$\theta_{\text{Ref}} = 180 - 131.3 = 48.7$$

$$3^{\text{rd}} Q$$

$$\theta = 180 + 48.7$$

$$= 228.7^\circ$$

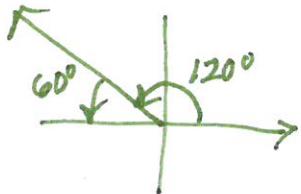
$\cos \theta$ in 2^{nd} & 3^{rd} Quad

11. Approximate the acute angle $\tan \theta = 3.45$ to the nearest 0.01° .

$$\tan^{-1}(3.45) \approx 73.84^\circ$$

12. Find the reference angle if $\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi}$

$$= 120^\circ$$



$$\theta_R = 60^\circ = \frac{\pi}{3}$$