

1. Find the midpoint of the segment AB between the points A(6,10) and B(6,-4).

$$\left( \frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2} \right) = \frac{6+6}{2}, \frac{10+(-4)}{2} = (6, 3)$$

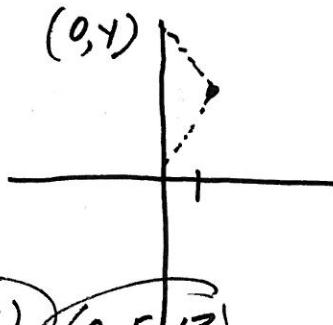
2. Find the points on the y-axis that are 4 units from P(1,9).

$$4 = \sqrt{(0-1)^2 + (y-9)^2}$$

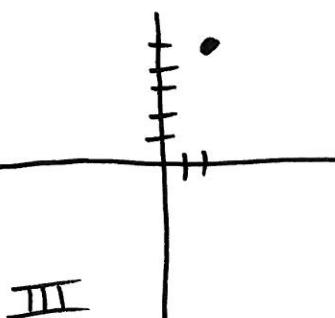
$$16 = 1 + y^2 - 18y + 81$$

$$0 = y^2 - 18y + 66$$

$$y = 12.87, y = 5.13$$



3. Find the point with coordinates of the form  $(2a, a)$  that is in the third quadrant and is a distance 9 from P(2,5).



$$(9)^2 = ((2a-2)^2 + (a-5)^2)^2$$

$$81 = 4a^2 - 8a + 4 + a^2 - 10a + 25$$

$$0 = 5a^2 - 18a - 52$$

$$a = 5.49 \text{ or } a = -1.89$$

$$2a = -3.79$$

4. Find the center and radius of the circle.

$$x^2 + y^2 + 16x - 18y + 96 = 0.$$

$$x^2 + 16x + \underline{64} + y^2 - 18y + \underline{81} = -96 + \underline{64} + \underline{81}$$

$$(x+8)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 49$$

$$C(-8, 9); r=7$$

5. Determine whether f is even, odd, or neither.

$$f(x) = 5x^5 - 3x^4$$

neither

6. Find the slope between the points A(-3,6) and B(7,-2).

$$m = \frac{-2-6}{7-(-3)} = \frac{-8}{10} = \frac{-4}{5}$$

(13, 0) (0, -10)

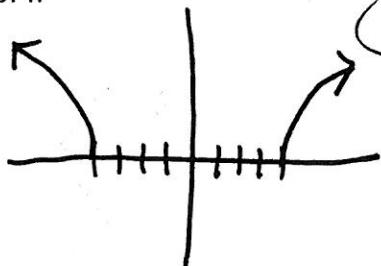
7. Find the slope-intercept form of the line with the x-intercept 13 and y-intercept -10.

$$y = mx + b$$
$$y = mx - 10$$
$$0 = 13m - 10$$

$$y = \frac{10}{13}x - 10$$

8. Find the domain of  $f$ .

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 16}$$



$$m = \frac{10}{13}$$

$$x \leq -4 \text{ or } x \geq 4$$

9. Find the distance between the points A(-3, 4) and B(7, 5).

$$d = \sqrt{(7 - (-3))^2 + (5 - 4)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{10^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{101} \approx 10.05$$

10. Find the equation of the upper half of the circle.

$$(x-3)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 31$$

$$\sqrt{(y+4)^2} = \sqrt{31 - (x-3)^2}$$

$$y+4 = \pm \sqrt{31 - (x-3)^2}$$

$$y = -4 + \sqrt{31 - (x-3)^2}$$

11. Find  $f(a)$  if  $f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 1$ .

$$f(a) = 3a^2 - 2a + 1$$